

East Preston Infant School

Calculation Policy

(Reviewed 2024)



Guidance for teachers

The calculation policy is divided into four sections: addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. At the start of each section, you will find an overview of the progression of skills. Calculations involving decimal numbers and fractions are included.

The calculation policy follows the same concrete, pictorial, abstract approach as our main schemes of learning. Where appropriate, sentence stems and key questions are included alongside the key representations.

Where skills are divided into more than one section across the page, there is a progression in the level of difficulty from left to right.

For example, when adding across a 10, children need to be able to add across 10 itself, before making links with related facts.


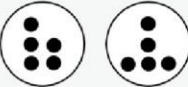


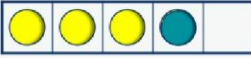
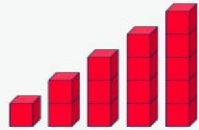
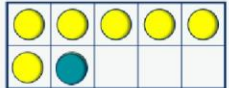

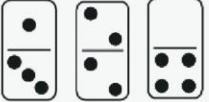





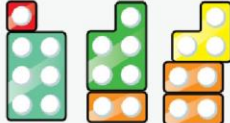
Progression of skills- Addition

Year group	Skill
Reception	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Conceptually subitise to 5• 1 more• Notice the composition of numbers within 10• Combine 2 groups• Add more
Year 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Add together• Add more• Bonds within 10• Related facts within 20• Missing numbers


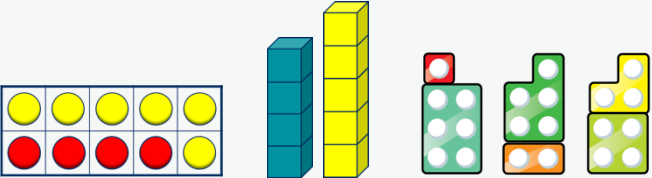
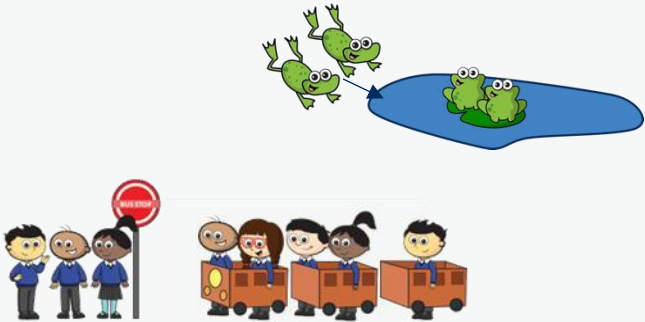

Progression of skills- Addition

Year group	Skill
Year 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="513 294 1203 332">• Add 1s to any number (related facts)<li data-bbox="513 368 1031 406">• Add three 1-digit numbers<li data-bbox="513 442 845 481">• Add across a 10<li data-bbox="513 516 913 555">• Add multiples of 10<li data-bbox="513 591 975 629">• Add 10s to any number<li data-bbox="513 665 1313 704">• Add two 2-digit numbers (not across a ten)<li data-bbox="513 739 1245 778">• Add two 2-digit numbers (across a ten)<li data-bbox="513 813 872 852">• Missing numbers

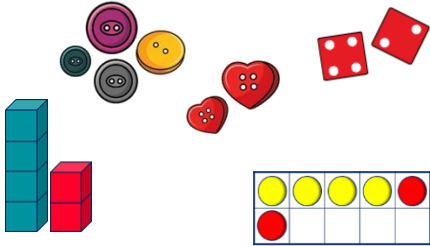
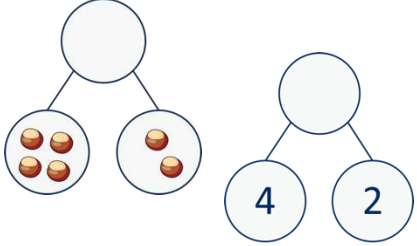
Addition

<p>Reception</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. 	
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>	
<p>Conceptually subitise to 5</p> <p>Notice the parts that make up the whole.</p>	<p>What do you see? How do you see it?</p>     	
<p>1 more</p> <p>Continue to link to stories, songs and rhymes.</p>	<p>1 more than ... is ...</p>   	
<p>Notice the composition of numbers within 10</p> <p>Link to stories, songs and rhymes.</p>	<p>How many...? How many...? How many altogether?</p>    	<p>How many ways can you make...?</p>   

Addition

Progression of skills	Key representations	
<p>Combine 2 groups</p> <p>2 groups are combined to find the total.</p>	<p>There are There are There are altogether.</p> 	<p>.... and make</p> 
<p>Add more</p> <p>A quantity is increased.</p>	<p>First... Then.... Now....</p> 	<p>I have I add more. Now I have....</p> 

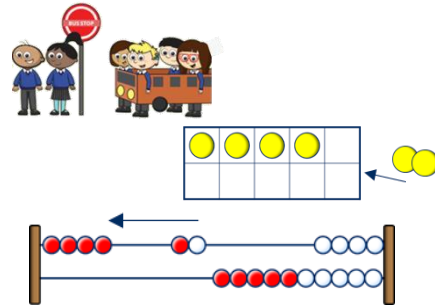
Addition

<p>Year 1</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds within 20 • Add 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square + 2$ 		
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>		
<p>Add together (aggregation)</p> <p>2 quantities are combined to find the total.</p>	<p>There are ... There are ... There are ... altogether.</p> 	<p>... is a part. ... is a part. ... is the whole.</p> 	<p>... plus ... is equal to is equal to + ...</p> $4 + 2 = 6$ $2 + 4 = 6$ $6 = 4 + 2$ $6 = 2 + 4$

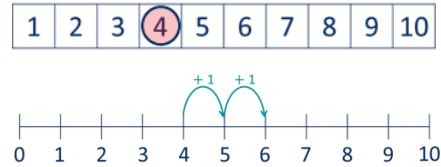
Add more
(augmentation)

A quantity is increased.

First... Then... Now...



I start at ...
I jump on ...
I land on ...

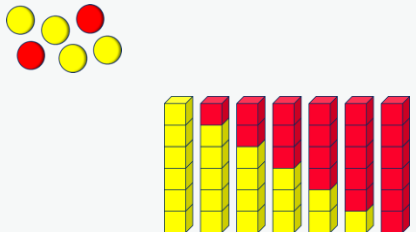
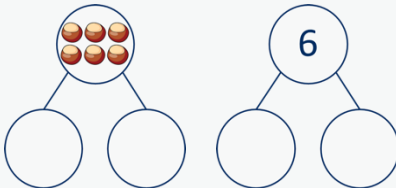
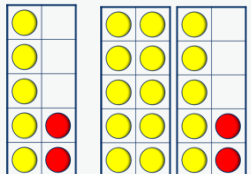
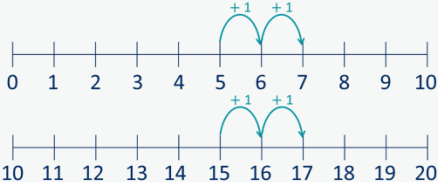
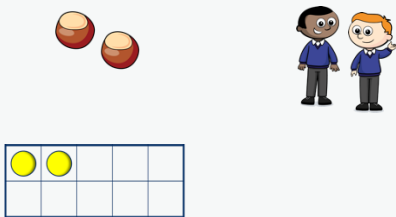
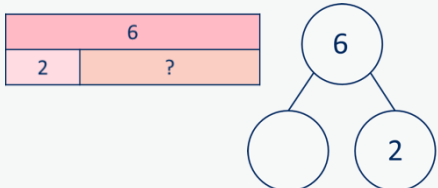



... plus ... is equal to
... is equal to ... + ...


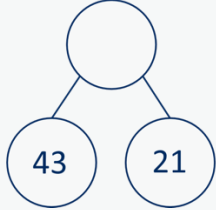
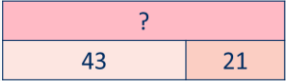
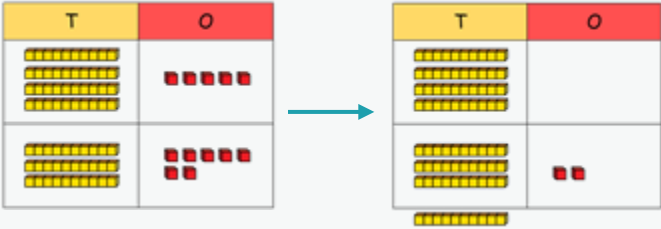
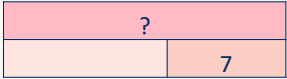
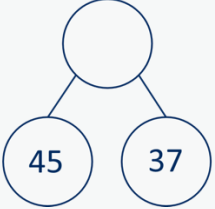
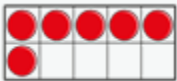
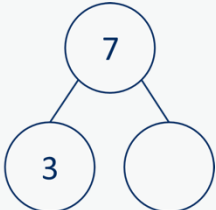
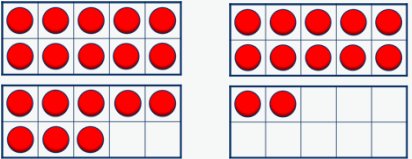
$$4 + 2 = 6$$
$$2 + 4 = 6$$

$$6 = 4 + 2$$
$$6 = 2 + 4$$

Addition

Progression of skills	Key representations		
<p>Bonds within 10</p> <p>Include bonds for each number within 10</p> <p>Encourage children to notice patterns.</p>	<p>... is made of ... and and ... make ...</p> 	<p>... can be partitioned into ... and ...</p> 	<p>... plus ... is equal to ...</p> $6 + 0 = 6$ $5 + 1 = 6$ $4 + 2 = 6$ $3 + 3 = 6$ $2 + 4 = 6$ $1 + 5 = 6$ $0 + 6 = 6$
<p>Related facts within 20</p> <p>Make links to known facts.</p>	<p>I know that ... and ... = ... so ... and ... = ...</p> 	<p>... more than ... is ... so ... more than ... is ...</p> 	<p>What patterns do you notice?</p> $5 + 2 = 7$ $15 + 2 = 17$ $7 = 5 + 2$ $17 = 15 + 2$
<p>Missing numbers</p> <p>Make links to known facts.</p>	<p>How many more do you need to make ...?</p> 	<p>If ... is the whole and ... is a part, the other part must be...</p> 	<p>... plus ... is equal to ...</p> $2 + \square = 6$ $6 = 2 + \square$ 

Addition

Progression of skills	Key representations		
<p>Add 2-digit numbers (not across a ten)</p> <p>Lining up ones and tens in columns will support with later written methods.</p>	<p>... ones + ... ones = ... ones ... tens + ... tens = ... tens</p>		<p>3 ones + 1 one = 4 ones 4 tens + 2 tens = 6 tens 6 tens + 4 ones = 64</p>  
<p>Add 2-digit numbers (across a ten)</p> <p>Begin to exchange 10 ones for 1 ten.</p>	<p>There are ... ones, so I do/do not need to make an exchange.</p> <p>... ones = ... ten and ... ones</p>		  <p>5 ones + 7 ones = 12 ones 12 ones = 1 ten and 2 ones 4 tens + 3 tens + 1 ten = 8 tens 8 tens and 2 ones = 82</p>
<p>Missing numbers</p> <p>Solve missing number problems and use the inverse to check.</p>	<p>How many more do you need to make ...?</p>  <p>$6 + \square = 10$ $10 - \square = 6$</p>	<p>If ... is a whole and ... is a part, then ... is the other part.</p> <p>$\square + 3 = 7$ $7 - 3 = \square$</p> 	<p>... can be partitioned into ... and ...</p> <p>$10 + 8 = 12 + \square$</p> 

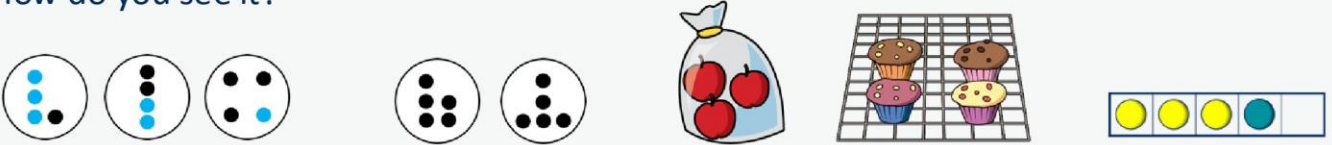
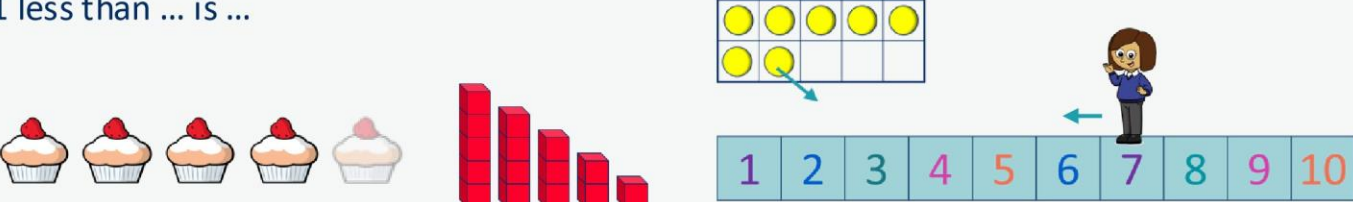

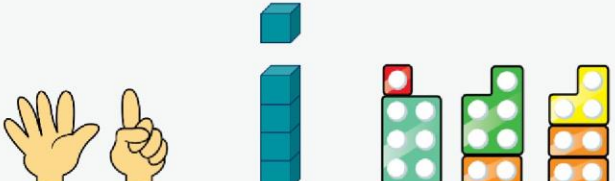
Progression of skills- Subtraction

Year group	Skill
Reception	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Conceptually subitise to 5• 1 less• Notice the composition of numbers within 10• Partition• Take away
Year 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Find a part• Take away• Bonds within 10• Related facts within 20• Missing numbers


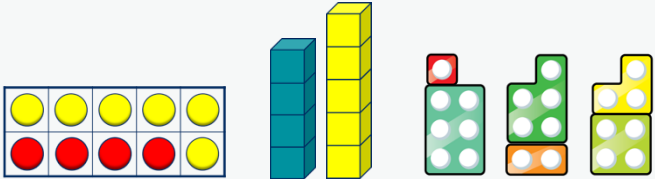
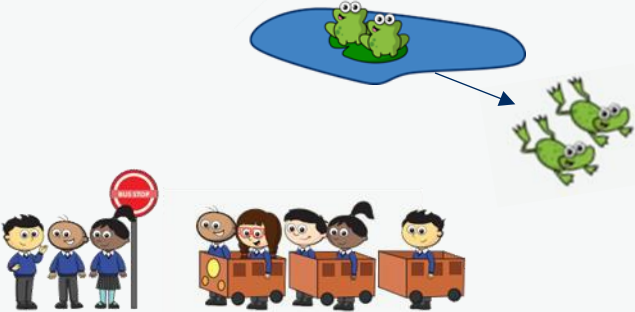
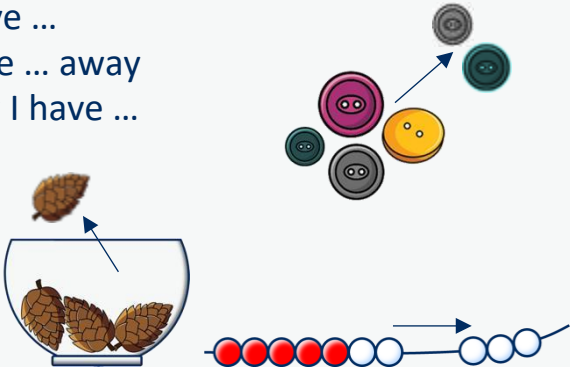
Progression of skills- Subtraction

Year group	Skill
Year 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="513 294 1328 332">• Subtract 1s from any number (related facts)<li data-bbox="513 379 924 418">• Subtract across a 10<li data-bbox="513 465 990 504">• Subtract multiples of 10<li data-bbox="513 551 1100 589">• Subtract 10s from any number<li data-bbox="513 636 1390 675">• Subtract two 2-digit numbers (not across a ten)<li data-bbox="513 722 1321 761">• Subtract two 2-digit numbers (across a ten)<li data-bbox="513 808 872 846">• Missing numbers

Subtraction

<p>Reception</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (and some subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. 	
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>	
<p>Conceptually subitise to 5</p> <p>Notice the parts that make up the whole.</p>	<p>What do you see? How do you see it?</p> 	
<p>1 less</p> <p>Continue to link to stories, songs and rhymes.</p>	<p>1 less than ... is ...</p> 	
<p>Notice the composition of numbers within 10</p> <p>Link to stories, songs and rhymes.</p>	<p>How many...? How many...? How many altogether?</p> 	<p>How many ways can you make...?</p> 

Subtraction

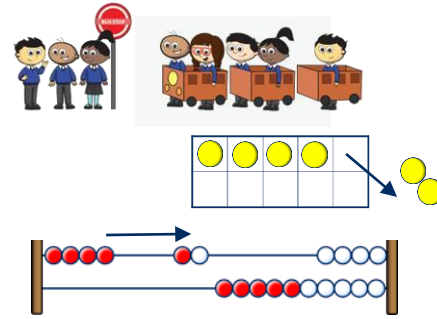
Progression of skills	Key representations	
<p>Partition</p> <p>Using objects, explore different ways to partition a number into 2 or more parts.</p>	<p>There are ... altogether. I can see ... here and ... there.</p> 	<p>... and ... make ...</p> 
<p>Take away</p> <p>A quantity is reduced.</p>	<p>First... Then... Now...</p> 	<p>I have ... I take ... away Now I have ...</p> 

Subtraction

<p>Year 1</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 • Subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Solve one-step problems that involve subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$ 		
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>		
<p>Find a part</p> <p>Link to number bonds and known facts. E.g. $2 + 4 = 6$ so if 6 is the whole and 4 is a part, the other part must be 2</p>	<p>There are ... in total. ... are ... How many are not</p> <p>...?</p>	<p>... is the whole. ... is a part. ... is a part.</p>	<p>... subtract ... is equal to is equal to ... – ...</p> $6 - 2 = 4$ $6 - 4 = 2$ $4 = 6 - 2$ $2 = 6 - 4$

Take away

A quantity is decreased.

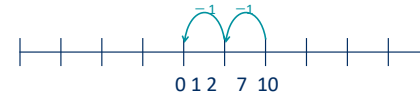


First... Then... Now...

I start at ...

I jump back ...

I land on ...



... minus ... is equal to ...

... is equal to ... - ...

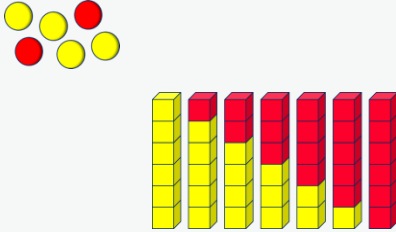
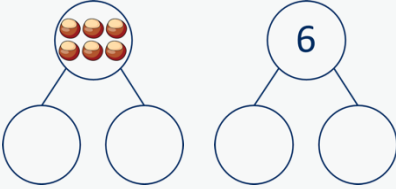
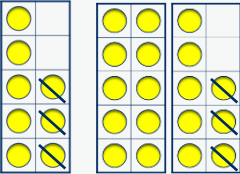
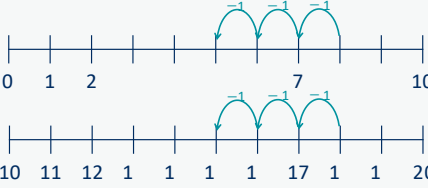
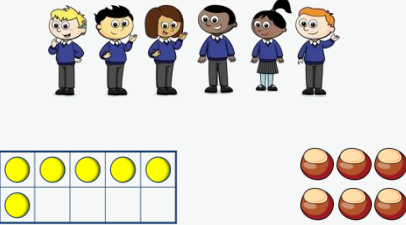
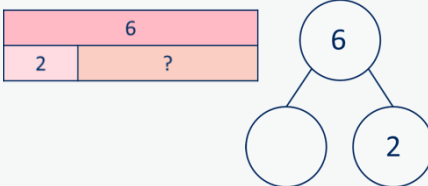

$$6 - 2 = 4$$

$$6 - 4 = 2$$

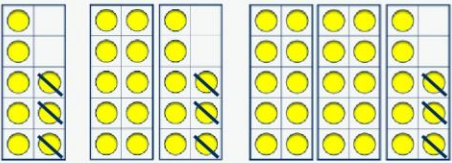
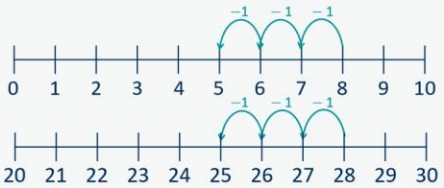
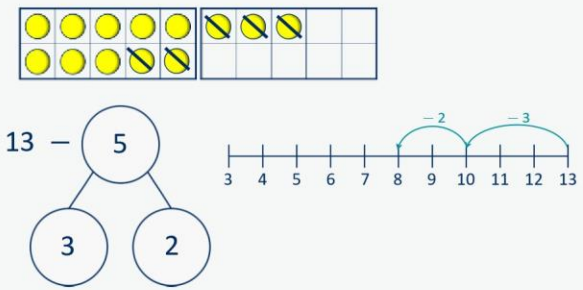
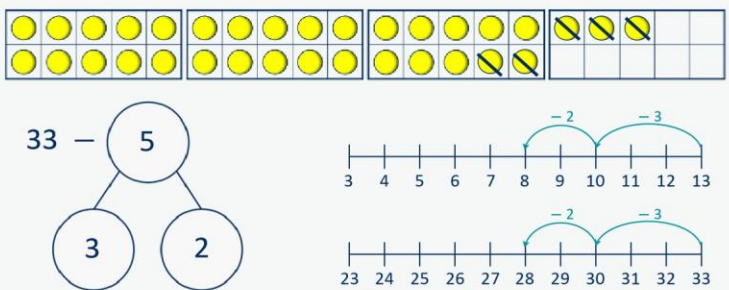
$$4 = 6 - 2$$

$$2 = 6 - 4$$

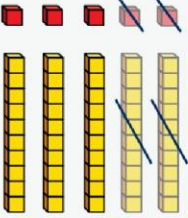
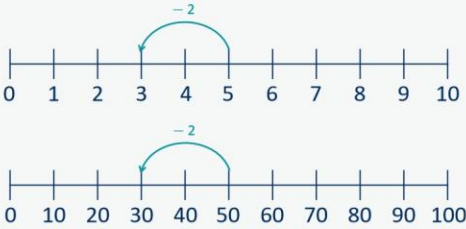
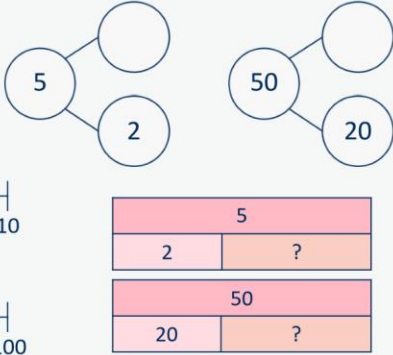
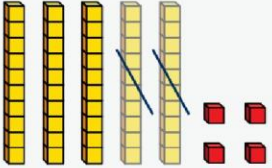
Subtraction

Progression of skills	Key representations		
<p>Bonds within 10</p> <p>Focus on subtraction facts.</p> <p>Encourage children to notice patterns.</p>	<p>... is made of ... and and ... make ...</p> 	<p>... can be partitioned into ... and ...</p> 	<p>... minus ... is equal to ...</p> $6 - 0 = 6$ $6 - 1 = 5$ $6 - 2 = 4$ $6 - 3 = 3$ $6 - 4 = 2$ $6 - 5 = 1$ $6 - 6 = 0$
<p>Related facts within 20</p> <p>Make links to known facts.</p>	<p>I know that ... minus ... = ... so ... minus ... = ...</p> 	<p>... less than ... is ... so ... less than ... is ...</p> 	<p>What patterns do you notice?</p> $8 - 3 = 5$ $18 - 3 = 15$ $5 = 8 - 3$ $15 = 18 - 3$
<p>Missing numbers</p> <p>Make links to known facts.</p>	<p>How many do you need to subtract to make ...?</p> 	<p>If ... is the whole and ... is a part, the other part must be...</p> 	<p>... minus ... is equal to ...</p> $6 - \square = 2$ $2 = 6 - \square$ 

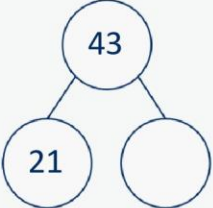
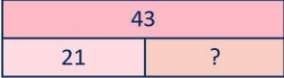
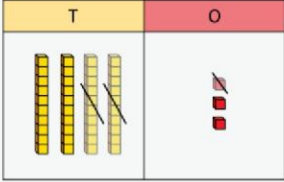
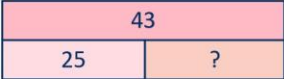
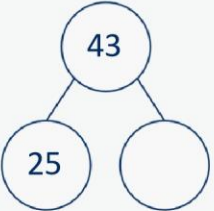
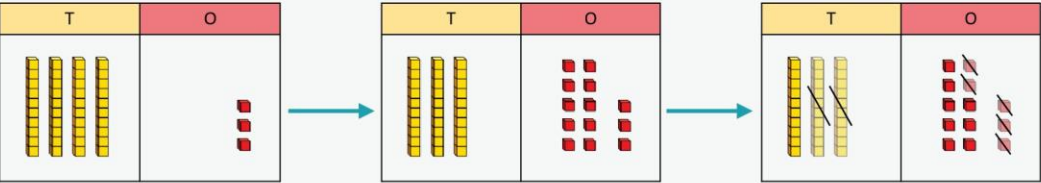
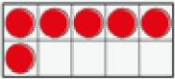
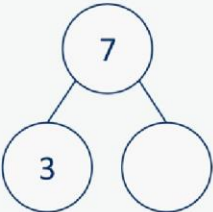
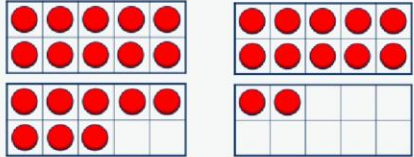
Subtraction

<p>Year 2</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recall and use subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 Subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a two-digit number and 1s a two-digit number and 10s 2 two-digit numbers Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. 		
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>		
<p>Subtract ones from any number (related facts)</p> <p>Make links to known facts.</p>	<p>I know that ... minus ... = ... so ... minus ... = ...</p> 	<p>... less than ... is ... so ... less than ... is ...</p> 	<p>What do you notice? Can you continue the pattern?</p> $8 - 3 = 5$ $18 - 3 = 15$ $28 - 3 = 25...$
<p>Subtract across a 10</p> <p>Partition the number being subtracted to bridge through a ten.</p>	<p>... can be partitioned into ... and ...</p> 		<p>Make links with related facts.</p> 

Subtraction

Progression of skills	Key representations																																																														
<p>Subtract multiples of 10</p> <p>Make links to known facts within ten.</p>	<p>... ones – ... ones = ... ones so ... tens – ... tens = ... tens</p>  <p>$5 - 2 = 3$ $50 - 20 = 30$</p>	<p>What is the same? What is different?</p> 	 <table border="1" data-bbox="1632 491 1893 648"> <tr> <td colspan="2">5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>?</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20</td> <td>?</td> </tr> </table>	5		2	?	50		20	?																																																				
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20	?																																																														
<p>Subtract 10s from any number</p> <p>Make links to known facts.</p>	<p>... tens – ... tens = ... tens ... tens and ... ones = ...</p> 	<p>To subtract ... I need to subtract 10 ... times.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1079 842 1477 1068"> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td></tr> <tr><td>31</td><td>32</td><td>33</td><td>34</td><td>35</td><td>36</td><td>37</td><td>38</td><td>39</td><td>40</td></tr> <tr><td>41</td><td>42</td><td>43</td><td>44</td><td>45</td><td>46</td><td>47</td><td>48</td><td>49</td><td>50</td></tr> <tr><td>51</td><td>52</td><td>53</td><td>54</td><td>55</td><td>56</td><td>57</td><td>58</td><td>59</td><td>60</td></tr> </table>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	<p>I know that ... minus ... = ... so ... minus ... = ...</p> <p>$50 - 20 = 30$ $54 - 20 = 34$</p>
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Subtraction

Progression of skills	Key representations		
<p>Subtract two 2-digit numbers (not across a ten)</p>	<p>... ones – ... ones = ... ones ... tens – ... tens = ... tens</p>  	 <p>3 ones – 1 one = 2 ones 4 tens – 2 tens = 2 tens 2 tens and 2 ones = 22</p>	
<p>Subtract two 2-digit numbers (across a ten)</p> <p>Begin to exchange 1 ten for 10 ones.</p>	<p>I need to make an exchange because I do not have enough ones to subtract ... ones.</p>  	 <p>3 ones – 5 ones (I need to exchange 1 ten for 10 ones)</p> <p>13 ones – 5 ones = 8 ones 3 tens – 2 tens = 1 ten 1 ten and 8 ones = 18</p>	
<p>Missing numbers</p> <p>Solve missing number problems and use the inverse to check.</p>	<p>How many do you need to subtract to make ...?</p>  <p>$10 - \square = 6$ $6 + \square = 10$</p>	<p>If ... is a whole and ... is a part, then ... is the other part.</p> <p>$7 - 3 = \square$ $\square + 3 = 7$</p> 	<p>... can be partitioned into ... and ...</p> <p>$18 - \square = 12 + 2$</p> 



Progression of skills- Multiplication

Year group	Skill
Reception	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Double to 10• Make equal groups
Year 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Count in 2s, 5s and 10s• Add equal groups• Make arrays• Make doubles

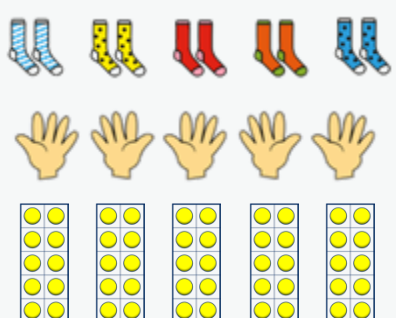


Progression of skills- Multiplication

Year group	Skill
Year 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="513 294 1286 329">• Link repeated addition and multiplication<li data-bbox="513 365 758 401">• Use arrays<li data-bbox="513 436 700 472">• Double<li data-bbox="513 508 878 544">• The 2 times-table<li data-bbox="513 579 899 615">• The 10 times-table<li data-bbox="513 651 878 686">• The 5 times-table<li data-bbox="513 722 872 758">• Missing numbers


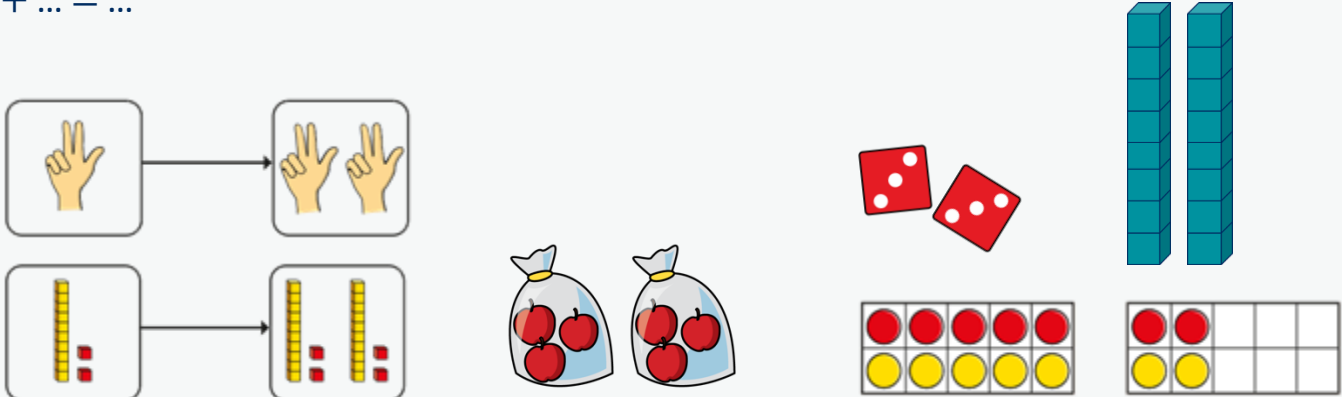
Multiplication

<p>Reception</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. • Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 • Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. • Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>
<p>Double to 10</p> <p>Prompt children to notice that double means twice as many and to notice that there are two equal groups.</p>	<p>Double ... is is double ...</p> 
<p>Make equal groups</p> <p>Provide opportunities to make equal groups when tidying up or during snack time. Encourage children to check that each group has the same amount.</p>	<p>There are ... groups of ... There are ... altogether.</p> 


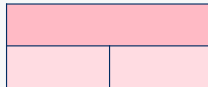







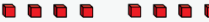
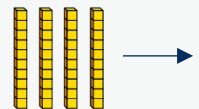

Multiplication

<p>Year 1</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Solve one-step problems involving multiplication, using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. 																																																												
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>																																																												
<p>Count in 2s, 5s and 10s</p> <p>Begin by counting objects that naturally come in 2s, 5s and 10s, for example pairs of socks or fingers.</p>	<p>There are ... equal groups of ... There are ... altogether.</p> 	<p>Continue to colour in ...s What do you notice?</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1098 671 1471 856"> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td></tr> <tr><td>31</td><td>32</td><td>33</td><td>34</td><td>35</td><td>36</td><td>37</td><td>38</td><td>39</td><td>40</td></tr> <tr><td>41</td><td>42</td><td>43</td><td>44</td><td>45</td><td>46</td><td>47</td><td>48</td><td>49</td><td>50</td></tr> </table>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	<p>Complete the number track/number line by counting in ...s.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1512 685 1947 742"> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> <td>15</td> <td>20</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> 	5	10	15	20				
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<p>Add equal groups (repeated addition)</p> <p>Children should be able to write a repeated addition to represent equal groups and to draw pictures or use objects to represent a repeated addition.</p>	<p>There are ... groups of ... There are ... altogether.</p>  <p>$10 + 10 + 10 = 30$</p> <p>$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20$</p>		<p>What is the same? What is different?</p> <p>$2 + 2 + 2 =$</p> <p>$5 + 5 + 5 =$</p> <p>$10 + 10 + 10 =$</p> <p>Use objects or a drawing to represent the equal groups and find how many in total.</p>																																																										

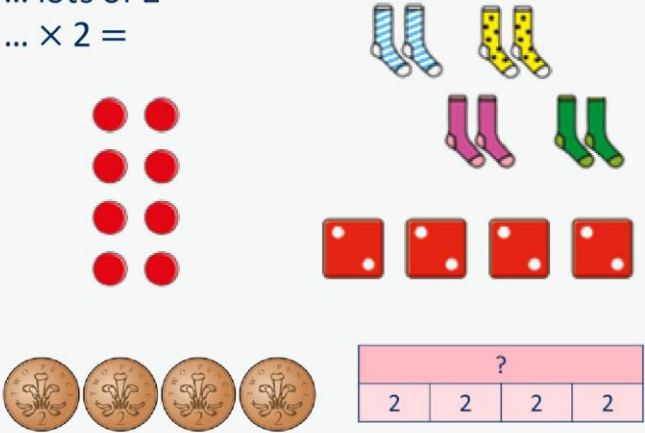

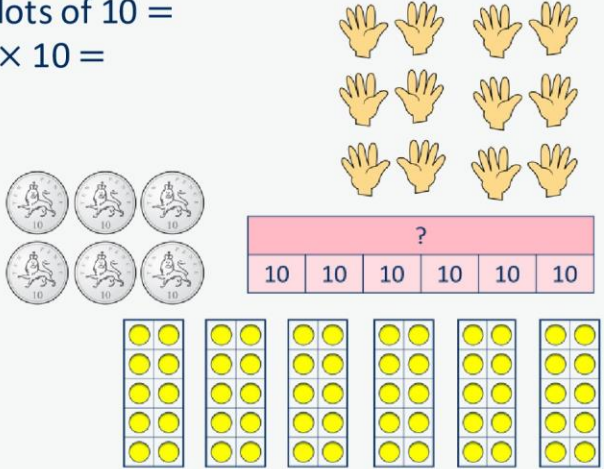
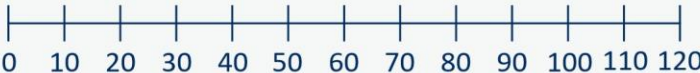
Multiplication

Progression of skills	Key representations
<p>Make arrays</p> <p>Children use their knowledge of adding equal groups to arrange objects in columns and rows.</p>	<p>There are ... rows of ... There are ... altogether. There are ... columns of ... There are ... altogether.</p> 
<p>Make doubles</p> <p>Children understand that doubles are two equal groups. Children may begin to explore doubles beyond 20 using base 10</p>	<p>Double ... is + ... = ...</p> 




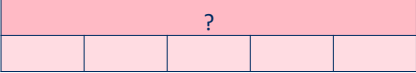


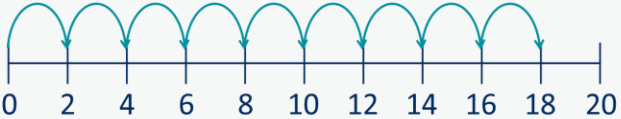
Multiplication

<p>Year 2</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recall and use multiplication facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables. Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×) and equals (=) signs. Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative). 	
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>	
<p>Link repeated addition and multiplication</p> <p>Encourage children to make the link between repeated addition and multiplication.</p>	<p>There are ... equal groups with ... in each group. There are ... altogether.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: left;"> <p>$3 + 3 = 6$ $2 \times 3 = 6$</p> </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: left;"> <p>$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20$ $4 \times 5 = 20$</p> </div> </div>	
<p>Use arrays</p> <p>Encourage children to see that multiplication is commutative.</p>	<p>There are ... rows with ... in each row. There are ... columns with ... in each column.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>3 lots of 5 = 15 $5 + 5 + 5 = 15$</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>5 lots of 3 = 15 $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 15$</p> </div> </div>	<p>I can see ... × ... and ... × ...</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$3 \times 5 = 15$ $5 \times 3 = 15$ $3 \times 5 = 5 \times 3$</p>
<p>Double</p> <p>Encourage children to make links with related facts.</p>	<p>Double ... is ...</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  →  </div> <p style="margin-left: 150px;">Double 4 = 4 + 4 Double 4 is 8</p>	<p>Double ... is ... so double ... is ...</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  →  </div> <p style="margin-left: 150px;">Double 4 is 8</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  →  </div> <p style="margin-left: 150px;">Double 40 is 80</p>

Multiplication

Progression of skills	Key representations																																									
<p>The 2 times-table</p> <p>Encourage daily counting in multiples both forwards and back. Notice that all multiples of 2 are even numbers.</p>	<p>... lots of 2 = ... $\times 2 =$</p> 	<p>... times 2 is equal to ...</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1384 344 1798 462"> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td></tr> </table> <p> $1 \times 2 = 2$ $2 = 1 \times 2$ $2 \times 2 = 4$ $4 = 2 \times 2$ $3 \times 2 = 6$ $6 = 3 \times 2$ </p> 	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30										
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<p>The 10 times-table</p> <p>Encourage daily counting in multiples both forwards and back. Notice the pattern in the numbers.</p>	<p>... lots of 10 = ... $\times 10 =$</p> 	<p>... times 10 is equal to ...</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1384 825 1798 982"> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td></tr> <tr><td>31</td><td>32</td><td>33</td><td>34</td><td>35</td><td>36</td><td>37</td><td>38</td><td>39</td><td>40</td></tr> </table> <p> $1 \times 10 = 10$ $10 = 1 \times 10$ $2 \times 10 = 20$ $20 = 2 \times 10$ $3 \times 10 = 30$ $30 = 3 \times 10$ </p> 	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
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Multiplication

Progression of skills	Key representations																																									
<p>The 5 times-table</p> <p>Encourage daily counting in multiples both forwards and back. Notice the pattern in the numbers.</p>	<p>... lots of = </p> <p>... $\times 5 =$</p> <p></p> <p></p> <p></p>	<p>... times is equal to ...</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1384 337 1810 499"> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td></tr> <tr><td>31</td><td>32</td><td>33</td><td>34</td><td>35</td><td>36</td><td>37</td><td>38</td><td>39</td><td>40</td></tr> </table> <p>$1 \times 5 = 5$ $5 = 1 \times 5$ $2 \times 5 = 10$ $10 = 2 \times 5$ $3 \times 5 = 15$ $15 = 3 \times 5$</p> <p></p>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
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<p>Missing numbers</p> <p>Make links to known facts.</p>	<p>... is equal to ... groups of ...</p> <p>18 socks, how many pairs? </p> <p></p>	<p>... times ... is equal to ...</p> <p>$\square \times 2 = 18$</p> <p>$18 = 2 \times \square$</p>																																								


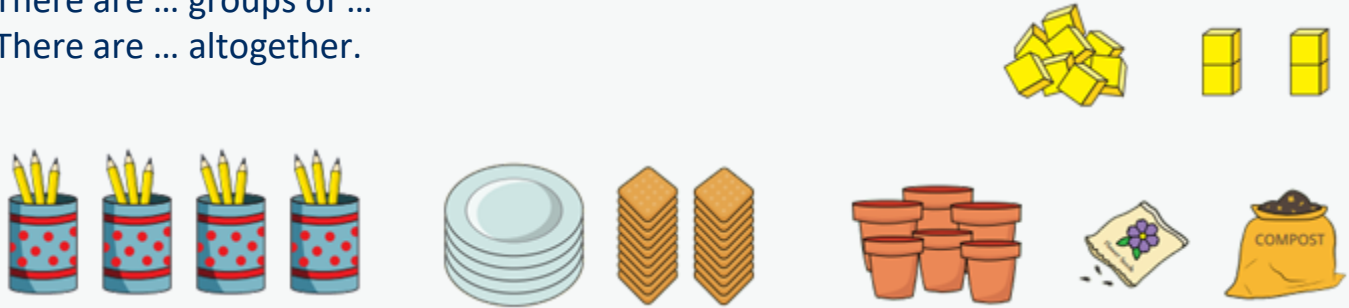
Progression of skills- Division

Year group	Skill
Reception	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="513 301 700 351">• Sharing<li data-bbox="513 401 733 451">• Grouping
Year 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="513 729 1094 779">• Make equal groups – grouping<li data-bbox="513 829 1065 879">• Make equal groups – sharing<li data-bbox="513 929 754 979">• Find a half<li data-bbox="513 1029 816 1079">• Find a quarter




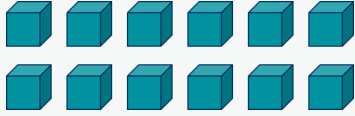
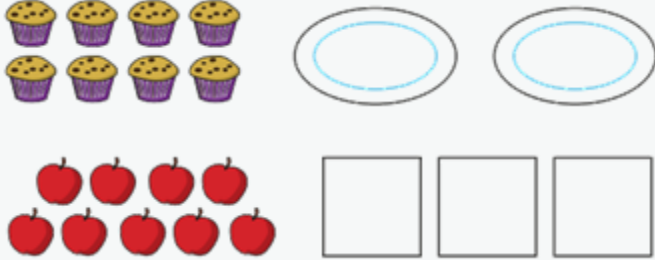
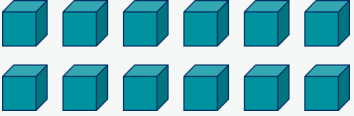
Progression of skills- Division

Year group	Skill
Year 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="513 297 762 329">• Divide by 2<li data-bbox="513 372 789 405">• Divide by 10<li data-bbox="513 448 762 481">• Divide by 5<li data-bbox="513 524 872 556">• Missing numbers<li data-bbox="513 599 810 632">• Unit fractions<li data-bbox="513 675 893 708">• Non-unit fractions

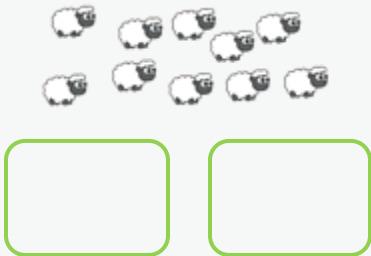
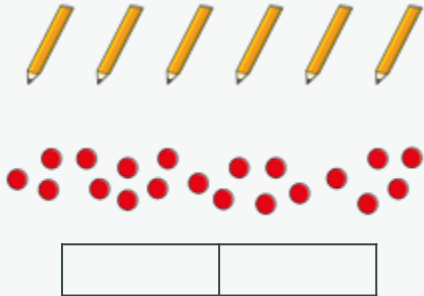
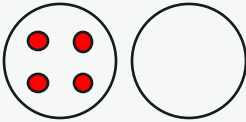
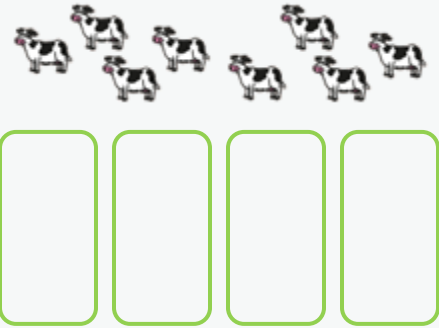
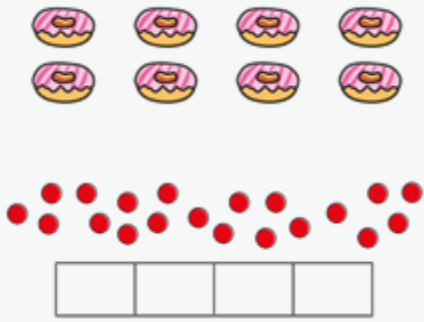
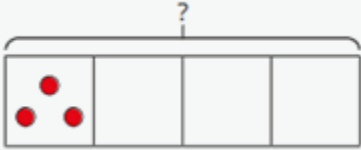
Division

<p>Reception</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. • Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 • Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. • Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>
<p>Sharing</p> <p>Provide practical activities such as sharing items during snack time. Encourage children to check whether items have been shared fairly (equally).</p>	<p>There are ... altogether. They are shared equally between ... groups.</p> 
<p>Grouping</p> <p>Provide opportunities to make equal groups when tidying up or during snack time. Encourage children to check that each group has the same amount.</p>	<p>There are ... groups of ... There are ... altogether.</p> 

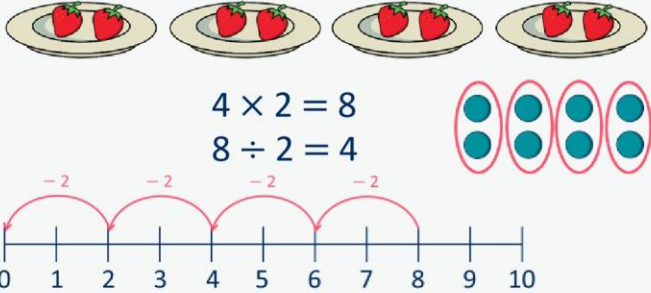
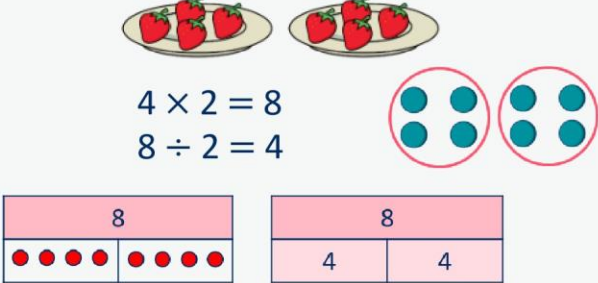
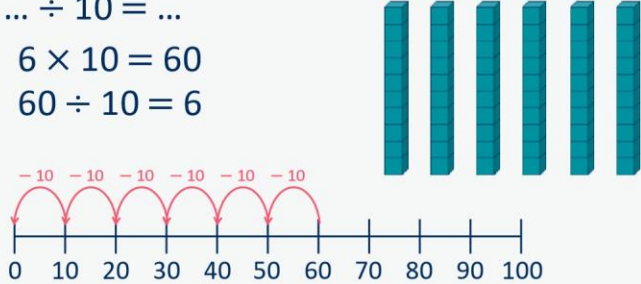
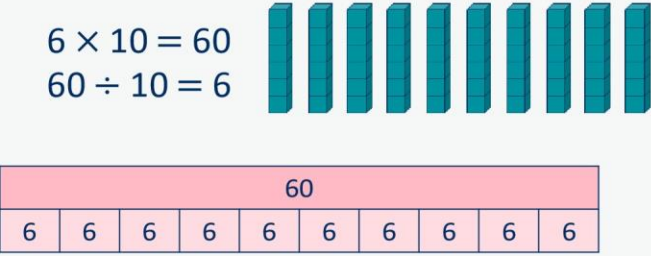
Division

<p>Year 1</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve simple onestep problems involving division, using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of a quantity. Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. 		
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>		
<p>Make equal groups–grouping</p> <p>Encourage children to physically move objects into equal groups. They can also circle equal groups when using pictures.</p>	<p>There are ... altogether. How many groups of ... can you make?</p>  	<p>Circle groups of 2 There are ... groups of 2</p> 	<p>Take ... cubes. Make equal groups.</p>  <p>There are ... groups of ...</p>
<p>Make equal groups–sharing</p> <p>Encourage children to check that the objects have been shared fairly and each group is the same.</p>	<p>... have been shared equally between... There are ... on/in each ...</p> 		<p>Take ... cubes. Share them between ...</p>  <p>12 shared between ... is ...</p>

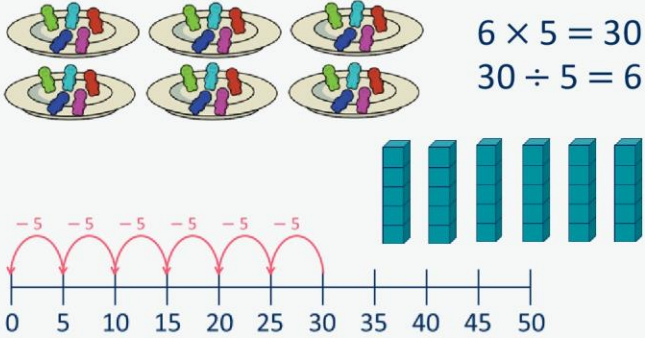
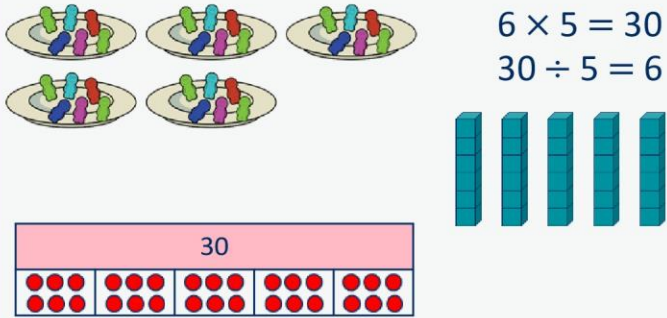
Division

Progression of skills	Key representations		
<p>Find a half</p> <p>Start with practical opportunities to share a quantity into 2 groups. Progress to circling half of the objects in a picture and then to finding the whole from a given half.</p>	<p>To find half, I need to share into 2 equal groups.</p>  <p>There are ... in each group.</p>	<p>Half of ... is ...</p> 	<p>If ... is half, what is the whole?</p>  <p>is half of ...</p>
<p>Find a quarter</p> <p>Start with practical opportunities to share a quantity into 4 groups. Progress to using pictures or bar models to find a quarter and then to finding the whole from a given quarter.</p>	<p>To find a quarter, I need to share into 4 equal groups.</p>  <p>There are ... in each group.</p>	<p>A quarter of ... is ...</p> 	<p>If ... is one quarter, what is the whole?</p>  <p>is one quarter of ...</p>

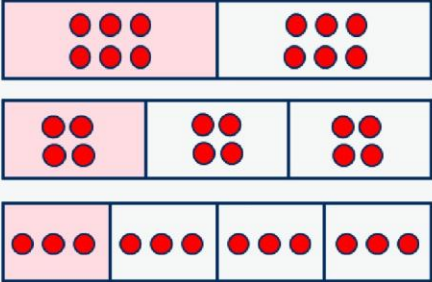

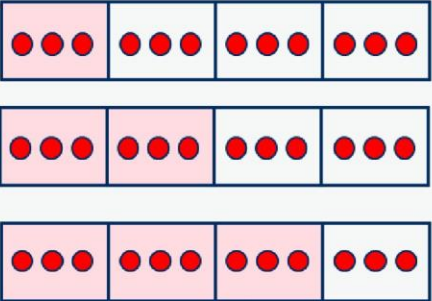
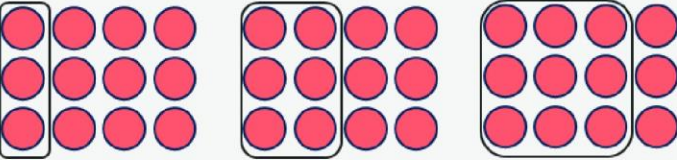
Division

<p>Year 2</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recall and use division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables. Calculate mathematical statements for division within the multiplication tables and write them using the division (\div) and equals ($=$) signs. Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a quantity. 	
<p>Progression of skills</p>	<p>Key representations</p>	
<p>Divide by 2</p> <p>Encourage children to compare the grouping and sharing structures of division and to make links with times-table facts and halving.</p>	<p>There are ... equal groups of 2 $\dots \div 2 = \dots$</p>  <p>$4 \times 2 = 8$ $8 \div 2 = 4$</p>	<p>... shared equally between 2 is ... Half of ... is ... $\dots \div 2 = \dots$</p>  <p>$4 \times 2 = 8$ $8 \div 2 = 4$</p>
<p>Divide by 10</p> <p>Encourage children to compare the grouping and sharing structures of division and to make links with times-table facts.</p>	<p>There are ... equal groups of 10 $\dots \div 10 = \dots$</p> <p>$6 \times 10 = 60$ $60 \div 10 = 6$</p> 	<p>... shared equally between 10 is ... $\dots \div 10 = \dots$</p> <p>$6 \times 10 = 60$ $60 \div 10 = 6$</p> 

Division

Progression of skills	Key representations																																			
<p>Divide by 5</p> <p>Encourage children to compare the grouping and sharing structures of division and to make links with times-table facts.</p>	<p>There are ... equal groups of 5</p> <p>... $\div 5 = \dots$</p>  <p>$6 \times 5 = 30$ $30 \div 5 = 6$</p>	<p>... shared equally between 5 is ...</p> <p>... $\div 5 = \dots$</p>  <p>$6 \times 5 = 30$ $30 \div 5 = 6$</p>																																		
<p>Missing numbers</p> <p>Bar models are useful to show the link between multiplication and division.</p>	<p>... divided by 2/5/10 is equal to ...</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="576 825 762 906"> <tr><td colspan="2">?</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>10</td></tr> </table> $\square \div 2 = 10$ <table border="1" data-bbox="576 928 1011 1009"> <tr><td colspan="5">?</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td></tr> </table> $\square \div 5 = 10$ <table border="1" data-bbox="576 1031 1353 1112"> <tr><td colspan="10">?</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>10</td></tr> </table> $\square \div 10 = 10$?		10	10	?					10	10	10	10	10	?										10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
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Division

Progression of skills	Key representations	
<p>Unit fractions</p> <p>In Y2 the focus is on finding $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$</p> <p>Bar models are useful to show the link between division and finding a fraction.</p>	<p>The objects have been shared fairly into ... groups.</p> <p>$\frac{1}{\square}$ of ... is ...</p>  <p>The first bar model shows 6 red dots in a 2x3 grid, with the left half shaded pink. The second bar model shows 6 red dots in a 2x3 grid, with the first two columns shaded pink. The third bar model shows 12 red dots in a 3x4 grid, with the first three columns shaded pink.</p>	<p>There are ... equal parts.</p> <p>There is ... part circled.</p> <p>$\frac{1}{\square}$ is circled.</p>  <p>The first illustration shows 9 oranges in a 3x3 grid, with the leftmost column circled. The second illustration shows 2 pears, with the leftmost pear circled. The third illustration shows 12 apples in a 3x4 grid, with the middle two columns circled.</p>
<p>Non-unit fractions</p> <p>In Y2 the focus is on finding $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$</p> <p>Prompt children to notice that $\frac{2}{4}$ is equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$</p>	<p>The objects have been shared fairly into ... groups.</p> <p>$\frac{\square}{\square}$ of ... is ...</p>  <p>The first bar model shows 12 red dots in a 3x4 grid, with the first column shaded pink. The second bar model shows 12 red dots in a 3x4 grid, with the first two columns shaded pink. The third bar model shows 12 red dots in a 3x4 grid, with the first three columns shaded pink.</p>	<p>There are ... equal parts.</p> <p>There are ... parts circled.</p> <p>$\frac{\square}{\square}$ is circled.</p>  <p>The first illustration shows 12 red circles in a 3x4 grid, with the first two columns circled. The second illustration shows 12 red circles in a 3x4 grid, with the first three columns circled. The third illustration shows 12 red circles in a 3x4 grid, with the first four columns circled.</p>